

**SET-2****Series : RPSQ4**प्रश्न-पत्र कोड
Q.P. Code**65/4/2**

रोल नं.

Roll No.

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परीक्षार्थी प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर अवश्य लिखें।

Candidates must write the Q.P. Code on the title page of the answer-book.

**गणित****MATHEMATICS**

निर्धारित समय : 3 घण्टे

Time allowed : 3 hours

अधिकतम अंक : 80

Maximum Marks : 80

- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 23 हैं।
- प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए प्रश्न-पत्र कोड को परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
- कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 38 प्रश्न हैं।
- कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, उत्तर-पुस्तिका में यथा स्थान पर प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
- इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वाह्न में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक परीक्षार्थी केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।
- Please check that this question paper contains 23 printed pages.
- Q.P. Code given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 38 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question in the answer-book at the given place before attempting it.
- 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the candidates will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.

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General Instructions :

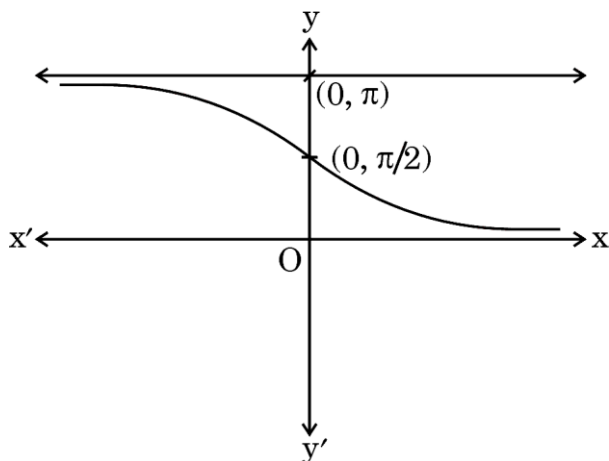
Read the following instructions very carefully and strictly follow them :

- (i) This question paper contains **38** questions. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
- (ii) This question paper is divided into **five** Sections – **A, B, C, D** and **E**.
- (iii) In **Section A**, Questions no. **1** to **18** are multiple choice questions (MCQs) and questions number **19** and **20** are Assertion-Reason based questions of **1** mark each.
- (iv) In **Section B**, Questions no. **21** to **25** are very short answer (VSA) type questions, carrying **2** marks each.
- (v) In **Section C**, Questions no. **26** to **31** are short answer (SA) type questions, carrying **3** marks each.
- (vi) In **Section D**, Questions no. **32** to **35** are long answer (LA) type questions carrying **5** marks each.
- (vii) In **Section E**, Questions no. **36** to **38** are case study based questions carrying **4** marks each.
- (viii) There is no overall choice. However, an internal choice has been provided in 2 questions in Section B, 3 questions in Section C, 2 questions in Section D and 2 questions in Section E.
- (ix) Use of calculator is **not** allowed.

SECTION A

This section comprises multiple choice questions (MCQs) of 1 mark each.

1. The following graph represents :



(A) $y = \sec^{-1} x$

(B) $y = \cot^{-1} x$

(C) $y = \tan^{-1} x$

(D) $y = \operatorname{cosec}^{-1} x$



2. Let $A = [a_{ij}]$ be a 2×2 matrix whose elements are given by $a_{ij} = \frac{(2i - j)^2}{3}$. Then A' is :
- (A) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{4}{3} \end{bmatrix}$ (B) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{3} & 0 \\ 3 & \frac{4}{3} \end{bmatrix}$
- (C) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{3} & 3 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$ (D) $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{3} & 0 \\ 3 & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$
3. If points $(2, 3)$, $(0, 4)$ and $(p, 2)$ are collinear, then the value of p is :
- (A) $\frac{4}{7}$ (B) $-\frac{3}{7}$
- (C) 4 (D) -4
4. Differential of e^{e^x} with respect to x is :
- (A) $\log x$ (B) e^{e^x}
- (C) $e^x e^{e^x}$ (D) $(e^x)^2$
5. The principal value of $\sec^{-1}(\sqrt{2}) + 2 \operatorname{cosec}^{-1}(-\sqrt{2})$ is :
- (A) $-\frac{\pi}{2}$ (B) $-\frac{\pi}{4}$
- (C) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (D) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
6. If the distance travelled by a particle in t seconds is given by $S = 72t + 3t^2 - t^3$, then time taken by the particle to come to rest is :
- (A) 4 seconds (B) 6 seconds
- (C) 3 seconds (D) 0 seconds



7. $\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{25 - 16x^2}}$ is equal to :
- (A) $\frac{1}{5} \sin^{-1} 4x + C$ (B) $\frac{1}{25} \sin^{-1} 16x + C$
(C) $\frac{1}{4} \sin^{-1} \frac{4x}{5} + C$ (D) $\frac{1}{16} \sin^{-1} \frac{4x}{5} + C$
8. If $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{e^x + e^{-x}} = \tan^{-1} e + k$, then the value of k is :
- (A) e (B) $\frac{\pi}{4}$
(C) 0 (D) $-\frac{\pi}{4}$
9. If $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin x}{x} + \cos x, & x \neq 0 \\ k, & x = 0 \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = 0$, then the value of k is :
- (A) 0 (B) -2
(C) -1 (D) 2
10. The area of the region bounded by the curve $y = x$ and x-axis, between $x = 0$ and $x = 2$ is :
- (A) 2 sq. units (B) $\frac{1}{2}$ sq. unit
(C) 1 sq. unit (D) 4 sq. units
11. The greatest integer function, $f(x) = [x]$, $0 < x < 3$ is **not** differentiable at how many points ?
- (A) At only one point (B) At only two points
(C) At no point (D) At three points
12. The sum of the order and the degree of the differential equation
- $$4 \left[\frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} \right]^2 + 3 \left[1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)^2 - y \right] = 0$$
- is :
- (A) 2 (B) 3
(C) not defined (D) 4



13. If $(3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}) \times (4\hat{i} + p\hat{j} + q\hat{k}) = \vec{0}$, then the values of p and q are :

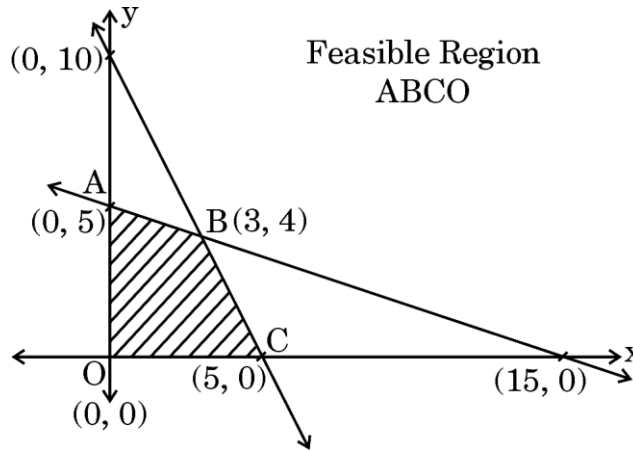
(A) $p = -\frac{2}{3}, q = \frac{5}{3}$

(B) $p = -\frac{8}{3}, q = \frac{20}{3}$

(C) $p = \frac{20}{3}, q = -\frac{8}{3}$

(D) $p = 0, q = 0$

14. In the graph, the feasible region representing the Linear Programming Problem for maximising objective function $Z = px + qy$, $p, q > 0$ is shaded. If all points on segment AB give max (Z), then which of the following is true ?



(A) $p = 2q$

(B) $p = 3q$

(C) $q = 3p$

(D) $q = 2p$

15. Three points $A(0, 1, 1)$, $B(2, 0, -1)$ and $C(1, 0, 3)$ form ΔABC . The ar (ΔABC) is :

(A) $\frac{\sqrt{53}}{2}$ sq. units

(B) $\sqrt{53}$ sq. units

(C) $\frac{\sqrt{11}}{2}$ sq. units

(D) $\sqrt{11}$ sq. units

16. The region represented by the system of inequations $3x + y \geq 3$, $2x - y \geq -5$, $x, y \geq 0$ is :

(A) unbounded in 1st quadrant

(B) bounded in 1st quadrant

(C) unbounded in 2nd quadrant

(D) bounded in 2nd quadrant



17. Which of the following is **not** a Linear Differential Equation ?

(A) $(1 + x^2) dy + 2xy dx = \cot x dx$

(B) $y + \frac{d}{dx}(xy) = x(\sin x + \log x)$

(C) $x(1 + y^2) dx - y(1 + x^2) dy = 0$

(D) $y dx - (x + 3y^2) dy = 0$

18. The probability that it will rain tomorrow in cities A, B and C is 60%, 70% and 80% respectively. The probability that it will rain tomorrow in at least one of the cities is :

(A) $\frac{3}{250}$

(B) $\frac{244}{250}$

(C) 1

(D) $\frac{9}{10}$

Questions number 19 and 20 are Assertion and Reason based questions. Two statements are given, one labelled Assertion (A) and the other labelled Reason (R). Select the correct answer from the codes (A), (B), (C) and (D) as given below.

(A) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(B) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true, but Reason (R) is **not** the correct explanation of the Assertion (A).

(C) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.

(D) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

19. Assertion (A) : If A and B are two square matrices such that AB and BA are defined, then it is not necessary that $AB = BA$.

Reason (R) : Product of two diagonal matrices of same order is commutative.

20. Assertion (A) : A function $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$ given by $f(x) = x^3 + 2, \forall x \in \mathbb{N}$ is one-one but not onto.

Reason (R) : Since $\forall y \in \mathbb{N}$ (Codomain), there does not exist $x = (y - 2)^{1/3}$ in $\mathbb{N}$ (Domain) such that $f(x) = x^3 + 2 = y$.



SECTION B

This section comprises 5 Very Short Answer (VSA) type questions of 2 marks each.

21. (a) Let two rods placed on the ground be represented by vectors $4\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ and $-2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$. Find a vector representing a flag-post of height 5 m that has to be erected perpendicular to both the rods.

OR

- (b) A unit vector $\vec{a}$ is such that it makes an angle $\frac{\pi}{4}$ with x-axis, $\frac{\pi}{3}$ with y-axis and an acute angle θ with z-axis. Find θ and the components of $\vec{a}$.

22. Evaluate :

$$\tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \cot^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\tan\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$

23. Find the interval(s) in which the function $f(x) = \frac{x}{\log x}$, where $x \in (0, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$, is increasing.

24. If $(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + \hat{k})$ and $(2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k})$ represent the sides $\vec{AB}$ and $\vec{AC}$ respectively of ΔABC , find the vector representing the median through A.

25. (a) Show that the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\cos x}{-x + \frac{\pi}{2}}, & x \neq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ 1, & x = \frac{\pi}{2} \end{cases}$ is continuous at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$.

OR

- (b) Find whether the function $f(x) = \begin{cases} x - 1, & x < 2 \\ 2x - 3, & x \geq 2 \end{cases}$ at $x = 2$ is differentiable or not.



SECTION C

This section comprises 6 Short Answer (SA) type questions of 3 marks each.

26. In a school, the probability of holding a debate competition is $\frac{1}{3}$ and that of a quiz competition is $\frac{2}{3}$. In the two participating teams, A has 4 girls and 6 boys and B has 7 girls and 3 boys. If a debate competition is held, the students are selected from team A and for the quiz competition they are selected from team B. If only two students are to be chosen from the teams, then find the probability that one will be a girl and the other a boy.

27. If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, then compute $A^2 - 4A - 5I$.

28. (a) Let $A = \mathbb{R} - \{3\}$ and $B = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$. A function $f : A \rightarrow B$ is defined by $f(x) = \left(\frac{x-2}{x-3} \right)$. Find whether f is one-one and onto.

OR

- (b) Let n be a fixed positive integer. A relation R is defined in set Z such that $R = \{(x, y) : (x - y) \text{ is divisible by } n, x, y \in Z\}$. Determine if R is an equivalence relation.

29. Solve the following Linear Programming Problem graphically :

Minimize $Z = 20x + 10y$

subject to

$$x + 2y \leq 40$$

$$3x + y \geq 30$$

$$4x + 3y \geq 60$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$



30. (a) If $xy = e^{x-y}$, then find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

OR

- (b) Differentiate $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \sqrt{1-x^2}}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + \sqrt{1-x^2}} \right)$ with respect to $\cos^{-1} x^2$.

31. (a) Find a point on the line $\frac{x-2}{3} = \frac{1-y}{2} = \frac{z-3}{2}$ at a distance of $\sqrt{2}$ units from the point $(1, 2, 3)$.

OR

- (b) Find the shortest distance between the lines

$$\vec{r} = (4 + \lambda)\hat{i} + (2\lambda - 1)\hat{j} - 3\lambda\hat{k}$$

$$\vec{r} = (1 + 2\mu)\hat{i} + (2 - 5\mu)\hat{k} + (4\mu - 1)\hat{j}.$$

SECTION D

This section comprises 4 Long Answer (LA) type questions of 5 marks each.

32. (a) Solve the differential equation $y e^y dx = (y^3 + 2x e^y) dy$, when $y(0) = 1$.

OR

- (b) Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$(x^3 - 3xy^2) dx = (y^3 - 3x^2y) dy.$$

33. Using integration, find the area of the region bounded by the curve $y = x|x|$, x-axis, $x = -2$ and $x = 2$.

34. (a) Find :

$$\int \frac{x}{(x-1)(x^2+4)} dx$$

OR



(b) Evaluate :

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x \tan^{-1} x}{(1+x^2)^{3/2}} dx$$

35. Find the vector and cartesian equations of the line passing through the point of intersection of the lines $\vec{r} = (\hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}) + \lambda(3\hat{i} - \hat{j})$ and $\vec{r} = (4\hat{i} - \hat{k}) + \mu(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{k})$ and parallel to the line $\frac{x-1}{-2} = \frac{7-y}{-3} = z$.

SECTION E

This section comprises 3 case study based questions of 4 marks each.

Case Study – 1

36. An NGO organises a charity event in which they decide to distribute woollen caps to protect children from winter. The caps to be distributed are in three separate boxes, Box I has 30 red caps, Box II has 20 red and 10 green caps, and Box III has 30 green caps. The probability that a Box i is selected and a cap picked out is $\frac{i}{6}$, where $i = 1, 2, 3$.

Based on the above information, answer the following questions :

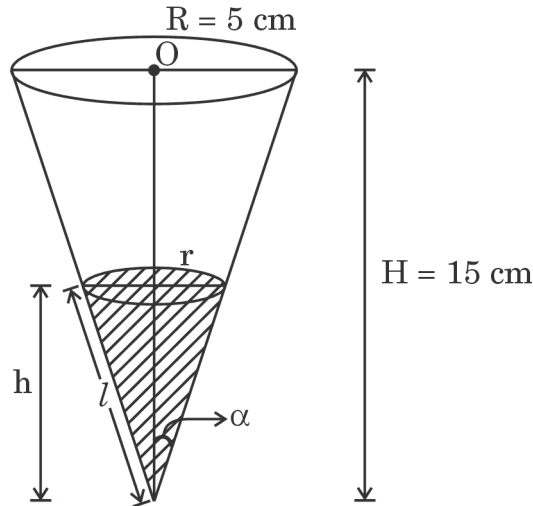
A person selects a cap.

- (i) What is the probability that he selects a red cap ? 2
- (ii) If he selects a green cap, what is the probability that the cap has come from Box II ? 2



Case Study – 2

37. At a birthday party, children are being served orange juice in conical cups, as shown in the figure.



Each cup is 15 cm deep and has a radius 5 cm. The juice is being poured into this cup at a rate of $0.1 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$.

On the basis of the above information, answer the following questions :

- (i) Establish a relation between the height h of the juice in the cup and radius r of the surface of the juice in the cup, if the semi-vertical angle of the cone is α . 1
- (ii) At what rate is the juice level in the cup rising when the juice is 6 cm deep ? 1
- (iii) (a) When the juice is 6 cm deep, then find at what rate is the upper surface area of juice increasing ? 2

OR

- (iii) (b) When the juice is 6 cm deep, then find the rate at which the wetted surface area of the cup is increasing. 2



Case Study – 3

38. A carpenter needs to design a wooden box in the shape of a cuboid such that the sum of its length and breadth is 3 cm more than its height. Twice of its length, thrice of its breadth and its height add up to 10 cm. Its breadth added to 7 times its height is 1 cm less than 3 times its length.

On the basis of the above information, answer the following questions :

- (i) Write the equations representing the various dimensions and express them as the matrix equation $AX = B$. 1
- (ii) Find if A^{-1} exists. Justify your answer. 1
- (iii) (a) Find A^{-1} . 2

OR

- (iii) (b) Find $A^2 + 7I$. 2